



Safety Data Sheet

1 – Product Identifier & Identity for the Chemical

<p>Manufacturer: WD-40 Company Australia Pty Ltd</p> <p>Address: 41 Rawson Street (Level 2, Suite 23) Epping NSW, 2121, Australia</p> <p>Telephone: Information: +61 2 9868 2200 Emergency only: 1800 024 973</p> <p>Poisons Information Centre: Australia: 13 11 26 New Zealand: 0800 764 766</p> <p>New Zealand Contact Details: Name: Eproducts New Zealand Limited Address: 7D Orbit Drive Albany New Zealand Telephone: Information: 09 916 6750</p>	<p>Product Name: WD-40 Specialist™ Automotive Chain Lube</p> <p>Chemical Name: Mixture</p> <p>Product Use: Cleaner, Lubricant</p> <p>Restriction on Use: None Identified</p> <p>SDS Date Of Preparation: 11 January 2017</p>
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2 – Hazards Identification

Classification of the Hazardous Chemical (in accordance with WHS Regulation)

Health	Environmental	Physical
Aspiration Toxicity Category 1 Skin Irritant Category 2 Skin Sensitizer Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3 (Narcotic Effects)	Aquatic Acute Toxicity Category 1 Aquatic Chronic Toxicity Category 1	Flammable Aerosol Category 1 Gas Under Pressure: Compressed Gas

Label Elements



Contains: Heptane

Danger!

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H280 Contains gas under pressure: may explode if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces.-No smoking.
 P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
 P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
 P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.
 P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
 P273 Avoid release to the environment.
 P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.

Response

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor or physician.
 P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
 P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
 P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.
 P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
 P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
 P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor or physician if you feel unwell.
 P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

P410+P412+P403 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
 Store in a well-ventilated place.
 P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Other Hazards that do not Result in Classification: None

3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS #	Weight Percent	Substance Classification
Liquefied Petroleum Gas (propane, n-butane, Isobutane)	68476-86-8	35-45%	Flam. Gas Cat 1 (H220) Press. Gas (H280)
Heptane	64742-49-0 142-82-5	30-40%	Flam. Liq. Cat 2 (H225) Asp. Tox. Cat 1 (H304) Skin Irrit. Cat 2 (H315) STOT SE Cat 3 (H336) Aq. Acute Cat 1 (H400) Aq. Chronic Cat 1 (H410)
Hydrotreated Light Distillates (Petroleum)	64742-47-8	<3%	Asp. Tox. Cat 1 (H304) Skin Irrit. Cat 2 (H315)
Base Oils	64742-58-1 64742-65-0 64742-52-5	<3%	Not Hazardous
Additive	Proprietary	<0.2%	Acute Tox. Cat 3 (H331) Eye Irrit. Cat 2 (H319) Skin Irrit. Cat 2 (H315) Skin Sens. Cat 1 (H317)

See Section 16 for full text of GHS Classification and H phrases

4 – First Aid Measures

Ingestion (Swallowed): Aspiration Hazard. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a Poisons Information Center (phone 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia or 0800 764 766 in New Zealand) immediately.

Eye Contact: Flush thoroughly with water. Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes and continue flushing for several more minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact: Wash with soap and water. If irritation or rash develops and persists, get medical attention.

Inhalation (Breathing): If irritation is experienced, move to fresh air. Get medical attention if irritation or other symptoms develop and persist.

Most Important Symptoms: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. If swallowed, may be aspirated and cause lung damage. May cause moderate skin irritation. May cause skin sensitization. Prolonged skin contact may cause drying of the skin. Inhalation may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea.

Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment, if Needed: Immediate medical attention is required for ingestion.

5 – Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam. Do not use water jet or flooding amounts of water. Burning product will float on the surface and spread fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical: Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition source and open fire. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back. A vapor and air mixture can create an explosion hazard in confined spaces.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: Firefighters should always wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Cool fire-exposed containers with water. Use shielding to protect against bursting containers.

6 – Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Eliminate all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Wear appropriate protective clothing (see Section 8).

Environmental Precautions: Avoid releases to the environment. Report spills to authorities as required.

Methods and Materials for Containment/Cleanup: Leaking cans should be placed in a plastic bag or open pail until the pressure has dissipated. Contain and collect liquid with an inert absorbent and place in a container for disposal. Clean spill area thoroughly. Report spills to authorities as required.

7 – Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Avoid breathing vapors or aerosols. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating vapors and inhaling can be harmful or fatal. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks, pilot lights, hot surfaces and open flames. Unplug electrical tools, motors and appliances before spraying or bringing the can near any source of electricity. Electricity can burn a hole in the can and cause contents to burst into flames. To avoid serious burn injury, do not let the can touch battery terminals, electrical connections on motors or appliances or any other source of electricity. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep out of the reach of children. Do not puncture, crush or incinerate containers, even when empty.

Conditions for Safe Storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Protect from physical damage. Do not store in direct sunlight, near open flames or above temperatures greater than 50°C.

8 – Exposure Controls /Personal Protection

Chemical	Occupational Exposure Limits	Biological Limit Value
Propane	Asphyxiant – See Chapter 10 of Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard NZ-WESes: Simple Asphyxiant-may present an explosion hazard	None Established
n-Butane	800 ppm TWA AU OEL 800 ppm TWA NZ OEL 1000 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV (as Butane, all isomers)	None Established
Iso-butane	NZ-Simple Asphyxiant-may present an explosion hazard 1000 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV (as Butane, all isomers)	None Established
Heptane	400 ppm TWA, 500 ppm STEL AU OEL 400 ppm TWA, 500 ppm STEL NZ OEL 400 ppm TWA, 500 ppm STEL ACGIH TLV	None Established
Hydrotreated Light Distillates (Petroleum)	200 mg/m ³ TWA (as total hydrocarbon vapor) (manufacturer recommended)	None Established
Base Oils	5 mg/m ³ TWA AU OEL (as oil mist, refined mineral) 5 mg/m ³ TWA, 10 mg/m ³ STEL NZ OEL (as oil mist, mineral) 5 mg/m ³ TWA ACGIH TLV (inhalable) (as mineral oil)	None Established
Additive	None Established	None Established

The Following Controls are Recommended for Normal Consumer Use of this Product

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use in a well-ventilated area.

Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Avoid eye contact. Always spray away from face.

Skin Protection: Avoid prolonged skin contact. Chemical resistant gloves recommended for operations where prolonged skin contact is likely.

Respiratory Protection: None needed for normal use with adequate ventilation.

For Bulk Processing or Workplace Use the Following Controls are Recommended

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain exposure levels below that occupational exposure limits.

Personal Protection:

Eye Protection: Safety goggles recommended where eye contact is possible.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves.

Respiratory Protection: None required if ventilation is adequate. If the occupational exposure limits are exceeded, wear an approved respirator. Respirator selection and use should be based on contaminant type, form and concentration. Follow applicable regulations and good Industrial Hygiene practice.

Work/Hygiene Practices: Wash with soap and water after handling.

Other Protective Equipment: None required.

9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance and Odor:	Clear liquid with a mild petroleum/solvent odor	Partition Coefficient of n-octanol/water:	Not determined
Odor Threshold:	Not determined	Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
pH:	Not determined	Decomposition Temperature:	Not determined
Melting/Freezing Point:	Not determined	Viscosity:	Not determined
Boiling Point / Range:	90-104°C (194-219°F) (Heptane)	Specific Heat Value:	Not determined
Flash Point:	-8°C (18°F) (Heptane)	Particle Size:	Not determined
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1):	Not determined	VOC:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Flammable Aerosol	Percent Volatile:	Not determined
Flammable Limits: (Solvent Portion)	LEL: 0.7% UEL: 6.7%	Saturated Vapor Concentration:	Not determined
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined	Release of invisible flammable vapors and gases:	Yes
Vapor Density (air = 1):	Greater than 1	Aerosol Protection Level (NFPA 30B):	Level 3
Relative Density (Water = 1):	Not determined	Solubility:	Insoluble in water

10 – Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Non-reactive

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Do not puncture or incinerate containers.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, smoke fumes, unburned hydrocarbons.

11 – Toxicological Information

Health Hazards:

Ingestion: Swallowing is an unlikely route of exposure for an aerosol product. If swallowed, this material may cause irritation of the mouth, throat and esophagus. Swallowing may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous system effects. This product is an aspiration hazard. If swallowed, can enter the lungs and may cause chemical pneumonitis, severe lung damage and death.

Eye Contact: Contact may be irritating to eyes. May cause redness, stinging, swelling and tearing.

Skin Contact: May cause moderate skin irritation with short-term exposure with redness, itching and burning of the skin. Prolonged and/or repeated contact may produce defatting and possible dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction (sensitization).

Inhalation: Mist or vapor can irritate the throat and lungs. High concentrations may cause nasal and respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects such as headache, dizziness and nausea. Intentional abuse may be harmful or fatal.

Chronic Exposure: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defeat the skin resulting in irritation and dermatitis.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: Preexisting eye, skin and respiratory conditions may be aggravated by exposure.

Acute Toxicity Values:

The oral toxicity of this product is estimated to be greater than 5,000 mg/kg and the dermal toxicity greater than 2,000 mg/kg based on an assessment of the ingredients. This product is not classified as toxic by established criteria.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No data available for mixture. Based on the ingredients, this product is classified as a skin irritant.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No data available for mixture. Based on the ingredients, this product is not classified as an eye irritant.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: This product is expected to cause sensitization.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: None of the components have been found to be mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen by IARC, NTP, ACGIH, US OSHA or the EU CLP.

Reproductive Toxicity: None of the components are known to cause adverse reproductive effects.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity:

Single Exposure: No data available.

Repeated Exposure: No data available.

Aspiration Hazard: Based on the ingredients, this product is expected to present an aspiration hazard.

12 – Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Heptane: 24 hr LC50 Goldfish – 4 mg/L; 24 hr EC50 Daphnia magna – >10 mg/L, 21 days NOEC Daphnia magna- 0.17 mg/L

Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon: 96 hr LL50 Rainbow trout- 18.4 mg/L, 48 hr EL50 Daphnia magna- 2.4 mg/L, 72 hr NOELR Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata- 6.3 mg/L, 72 hr EL50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata- 29 mg/L, 21 days NOEC Daphnia magna- 0.17 mg/L, 21 days LOEC Daphnia magna- 0.32 mg/L

This product has been classified as very toxic to the aquatic environment with long lasting effects based on the components. Releases to the environment should be avoided.

Persistence and Degradability: Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon: Readily biodegradable in water- 22% in 28 days. Heptane is not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Bioaccumulation is not expected based on an assessment of the ingredients.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other Adverse Effects: None Known

13 - Disposal Considerations

Safe Handling and Disposal Method: Aerosol containers should not be punctured, compacted in home trash compactors or incinerated.

Disposal of Contaminated Packaging: Empty containers may be disposed of through normal waste management options.

Environmental Regulations: Dispose of all waste product, absorbents, and other materials in accordance with applicable Federal, state and local regulations.

14 – Transportation Information

IMDG Shipping Name: Aerosols

IMDG Hazard Class: 2.1

UN Number: UN1950

Marine Pollutant: Yes

IATA Shipping Name: Aerosols, Flammable

IATA Hazard Class: 2.1

UN Number: UN1950

ADG Shipping Name: Aerosols

ADG Hazard Class: 2.1

UN Number: UN1950

Hazchem (Emergency Action) Code: 2YE

*Note: Inner packages with less than 5 liters of liquid/ 5 kg of solid are exempt from Marine Pollutant per IMDG Code 2.10.2.7 and ICAO Special Provision A197.

Special Precautions for User: WD-40 Company does not test aerosol cans to assure that they meet the pressure and other requirements for transport by air. We do not recommend that our aerosol products be transported by air.

15 – Regulatory Information

Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances): None present

The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants): None present

The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent): Not applicable

Basel Convention: Not applicable

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL): Not applicable

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP): Not applicable

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances: All of the components of this product are listed on the AICS inventory.

New Zealand:

HSNO Approval Number: HSR002515

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Classified as Dangerous Good for transport purposes.

HSNO Hazard Classes: 2.1.2A, 6.3A, 6.5B, 6.1E, 6.9B, 9.1A

New Zealand Inventory: All the ingredients comply with the HSNO regulations.

16 – Other Information

REVISION DATE: 11 January 2017

SUPERSEDES: New SDS

Prepared By: Industrial Health & Safety Consultants, Inc.

Full Text of GHS Classification and H Phrases from Section 3:

Acute Tox. Cat 3 Acute Toxicity Category 3

Aquatic Acute Cat 1 Aquatic Acute Toxicity Category 1

Aquatic Acute Cat 2 Aquatic Acute Toxicity Category 2

Aquatic Chronic Cat 1 Aquatic Chronic Toxicity Category 1

Aquatic Chronic Cat 2 Aquatic Chronic Toxicity Category 2

Asp. Tox. Cat 1 Aspiration Toxicity Category 1

Eye Irrit. Cat 2 Eye Irritant Category 2

Flam. Gas Cat 1 Flammable Gas Category 1

Flam. Liq. Cat 2 Flammable Liquid Category 2
Press. Gas Gas Under Pressure
Skin Irrit. Cat 2 Skin Irritant Category 2
Skin Sens. Cat 1 Skin Sensitizer Category 1
STOT SE Cat 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Category 3
H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H331 Toxic if inhaled.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H401 Toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Abbreviations or Acronyms:

ACGIH American Conference of Industrial Hygienists
ADG Australian Dangerous Goods
AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
AU Australia
EC Effective Concentration
EU European Union
GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms
IARC International Agency of Research on Cancer
IATA International Air Transport Association
IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC Lethal Concentration
LD Lethal Dosage
LEL Lower Explosive Limit
NTP National Toxicology Program
NZ New Zealand
OEL Occupational Exposure Limits
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
SDS Safety Data Sheet
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA Time-Weighted Average
UEL Upper Explosive Limit
US OSHA United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration
VOC Volatile Organic Compounds
WHS Work Health and Safety

REVIEWED BY: I. Kowalski

TITLE: Manager Regulatory Affairs

This SDS complies with Australian guidelines for SDS. The foregoing information has been compiled from sources believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that data is correct. Standards change without notice. It is the responsibility of the recipient to insure that their personnel have been notified of any changes which may affect them. The data provided on this SDS are not meant to be used as specifications, only as guideline information as to the safe use of this product. User should refer to applicable laws before use.

1060300/No.